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Takeshita Offers Aid On Bases

Tokyo Will Seek Legal Changes to Help U.S. on Costs

By Clyde Haberman New York Times Service TOKYO — Government and governing party leaders agreed Friday to seek legal changes that would enable Japan to absorb a larger share of the costs of stationing U.S. troops here.



Snowstorm Disrupts the Usual Flurry in Washington A U.S. Capitol policewoman, Noelle O'Donnell, trudging through snow on her way to work on Friday. The federal government excused workers, except essential personnel, such as policewomen. About 8 inches of snow fell on the capital. Page 5.

N.Y. Stocks Plummet; Brady Report Urges Single Market Agency

Panel Sees Fed Role in Oversight

WASHINGTON — A presidential commission studying the October stock market plunge recommended Friday the formation of a single federal agency to oversee the nation's financial markets.



Nicholas F. Brady

Dow Falls 140 Points, Down 6.8%

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK — The Dow Jones industrial average plummeted 140.59 points on Friday, its third-biggest fall on record and its worst performance since the market crash in October.

Pretoria's Repression: It Seems to Work

By William Claiborne Washington Post Service JOHANNESBURG — A brief legal notice in the official Government Gazette on Friday speaks volumes about what happened to the black revolution that appeared to be taking hold across South Africa just 18 months ago.

Translating G-7 Jargon: The Deal That Was Cut

By Leonard Silk New York Times Service NEW YORK — With the financial markets pursuing the dollar down, up and sideways, the big question remains: What is U.S. policy on the dollar?

LEGAL SERVICES GUAM USA... LOW COST... ACCESS INQUIRY... PAGE 15 FOR NOW CLASSIFIED

Klosk

Salvador Judge Denies Amnesty

SAN SALVADOR (AP) — A judge turned down on Friday a request for amnesty from three former members of the Salvadoran National Guard convicted of the 1980 slayings of four American churchwomen, a court official said.



General Mammel Antonio Noriega, the Panamanian leader, was asked by a high-ranking Pentagon official to step down and allow free elections. Page 3.

Israeli Soldiers Kill Another Palestinian

by Glenn Frankel Washington Post Service JERUSALEM — Another Palestinian was shot to death Friday and five others were wounded in clashes with Israeli soldiers in the Gaza Strip as Israel sought to crack down on a new outbreak of rioting that has wracked the occupied territories for five weeks.

Firm Commitment: U.S. Company-Worker Loyalty Wanes

By Don Oldenburg Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — At 32, he was considered a Wall Street whiz kid, managing the bonds division of a major brokerage firm. When a competing company offered him more authority and another figure on his income, he did not think twice. He packed up his office the next day and was gone.



ARMED AND THE WOMAN — Clutching automatic rifles, young women volunteers of the Iranian mobilization forces gathered recently at a rally in Tehran. Although few details are available on the force, the women have begun appearing at military parades and training exercises.

General News

Thousands of anti-apartheid demonstrators greeted Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher in Nigeria. Page 2.

The Dollar

The dollar is the largest number of activists ever detailed by Israel in one roundup and it follows an earlier government decision to expel nine other activists.

NEWS ANALYSIS

The administration was more responsive. Although it chose not to say what U.S. policy on the dollar is, it did say that the markets had been underestimating policy coordination since October.

Table with financial data including Dow Jones, Gold, Silver, and other market indicators.

Pentagon Aide Made Secret Visit to Panama To Ask Noriega to Quit

By David B. Ottaway

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration sent a high-ranking Pentagon official on a secret mission to Panama last week to press its leader, General Manuel Antonio Noriega, to step down and allow free elections in the country, according to State Department and congressional sources. The official, Richard L. Armitage, assistant secretary of defense for international security affairs, held a lengthy session with General Noriega early last week to urge him to withdraw from politics. "Mr. Armitage was asked to deliver the administration's strongest direct message to date to General Noriega because the Panamanian leader is a 'military man,' and Washington wanted 'the most effective interlocutor possible,'" the official said Thursday.



Vice President George Bush examining a corn stalk at a greenhouse in Johnston, Iowa. A poll leading up to the Iowa presidential caucus voting on Feb. 8 shows Mr. Bush is trailing Senator Bob Dole.

Dole Shows Gain in Iowa Poll

Anti-Reagan Republicans Surveyed Prefer Him to Bush

By E.J. Dionne Jr.

NEW YORK — Senator Bob Dole of Kansas has capitalized on disaffection with President Ronald Reagan among Republicans in Iowa to build a substantial lead over Vice President George Bush a month before a crucial presidential caucus there, a New York Times-CBS News Poll has found. The poll found the Democratic presidential contest to be far less clear, with former Senator Gary Hart of Colorado leading by one

measure and Senator Paul Simon of Illinois by another. Governor Michael S. Dukakis of Massachusetts and Representative Richard A. Gephardt of Missouri were also plainly in contention. The voting Feb. 8 in Iowa is expected to pare the presidential field in both parties. It is especially crucial for candidates from the Midwest, notably Mr. Dole and Mr. Simon. Opinion polling in caucus states is difficult because it is hard to anticipate who will turn out for their favorites on a midwinter night and stand up in a neighbor's living room and announce that support.

When asked whom they wanted as their party's nominee, the self-described definite or probable Republican caucus attendees went 41 percent for Mr. Dole, 29 percent for Mr. Bush, 6 percent for the former television evangelist Pat Robertson, 5 percent for Representative Jack F. Kemp of New York, 2 percent for former Governor Pete du Pont of Delaware and less than 1 percent for former Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., 16 percent were undecided or had no preference. Mr. Dole's lead over Mr. Bush was even greater among Republicans who said they would definitely attend the caucuses.

Spreads in U.K.

miners in southern Yorkshire that is turning into a long strike that ended in the work at 17 mines in a further days because Britain's hard enough as a country to close the entire coalfield until British Coal agrees to union officials, the agreement did not vote before walking

talks in Seoul

main opposition parties in Seoul since the presidential election in their previously in negotiations soon on the polls that are due to try to for the rival camps to time discussions Monday

Deadline for Compliance With Pact May Be Extended by Latin Leaders

By Julia Preston

MANAGUA — A consensus is emerging among the Central American nations for extending the deadline for compliance with a regional peace plan beyond the Jan. 15 meeting of the five participating presidents, according to diplomats and government officials. In Nicaragua, for example, the political opposition and the main sponsors of the plan's progress have concluded that the Sandinista government has failed to comply fully with the democratic changes required under the accord reached Aug. 7. But they said they want to see the peace process continue. A previous deadline, Nov. 5, proved too early for full implementation of the plan. The probability that the second also will be missed heightens the dilemma of U.S. legislators awaiting clear signs from

Central America before deciding which way to vote on military aid for the Nicaraguan rebels, known as contras. Many diplomats say the outcome of the first Central American summit meeting since the peace accord was signed will be determined largely by the interaction of the five leaders during their daylong encounter, which is to take place in San Jose, Costa Rica. There could be surprises. The governments of Costa Rica, Nicaragua and El Salvador have expressed interest in extending the deadline for a short period and have specified areas requiring further action. "No one wants to take the historical responsibility for killing this peace process," observed a Central American diplomat. The Sandinista government forfeited much of the momentum ini-

tially gathered in Washington when, last month, Defense Minister Humberto Ortega Saavedra confirmed plans for a Soviet-supported military buildup eventually to arm up to 600,000 Nicaraguans. Congress subsequently voted \$13.5 million in interim contra aid. "The atmosphere has changed," a Western ambassador said, adding that President Daniel Ortega Saavedra's room to maneuver "is definitely reduced." The Nicaraguan government's earlier measures, allowing some opposition-news media to reopen, entering into political dialogue with the unarmed opposition and starting indirect cease-fire talks with the rebels, have sparked heated debates in the Sandinista party and military. Cardinal Miguel Obando y Bravo, the mediator with the contras, gave an international monitoring commission that just visited Managua more guarded criticism of the Sandinista performance than many opposition leaders had expected. The Roman Catholic archbishop of Managua limited himself to saying, "We recognize the positive steps the government took," then cited the steps he felt it failed to take, a much longer list. While the government pardoned 985 prisoners in November, he stressed the need for a general amnesty.

Jackson in Osakis? 'You Bet'

Presidential Candidate Warms a Small Minnesota Town

By Bill Peterson

OSAKIS, Minnesota — When the Reverend Jesse L. Jackson came here to campaign this week, it was, Mayor C.J. Moore proclaimed, "the biggest thing that had ever happened" in this snow-covered town of 1,326 residents. No one knew quite what to expect. A presidential candidate had never visited Osakis before, and the last time some residents saw a famous black man up close was in 1963 when the Inkspits performed at the local high school. But this resort and farming town went wild over Mr. Jackson. The community center was filled to its capacity of 310 a full hour before Mr. Jackson arrived. Hundreds more shivered outside in the bitter cold. When the Democratic presidential candidate saw them, he decided to hold a second impromptu rally at the high school.

Two authors, writing more than half a century apart, popularized different versions of life in small-town Minnesota. In the 1920s, Sinclair Lewis based his novel "Main Street" on his hometown of Sauk Center, 15 miles from Osakis. More recently, Garrison Keillor created a fictional town called Lake Wobegon — a town that sounds very much like Osakis — as a place "where all the women are strong, all the men are good looking and all the children are above average." Neither book captures the reality of life in Osakis today. Like small communities across the Middle West, Osakis has been in economic doldrums for more than five years. There are six empty storefronts downtown. "If he appeals to the distressed farmers and small businessmen, he could get a lot of support here," said Lillian Ortendahl, one of town's most active Democrats. "There are a lot of people still burning here. But we are a proud people in rural Minnesota, and we don't let a lot of people know we have financial problems."

thus considers itself "a major media market." But Paul Wellstone, Mr. Jackson's state co-chairman, stopped by Mr. Ellis's office on his way to Alexandria. "I told him if you bring him to Osakis, we'll put on a free pancake breakfast," Mr. Ellis said. Mr. Wellstone agreed.

"He did a fine job. He made a very positive impression on everyone." Norman Olson, Osakis bank president

Osakis, 120 miles (190 kilometers) northwest of Minneapolis where the prairie meets the Minnesota lake country, is not a place to show emotion easily. It is populated for the most part by emigrant Scandinavians and Germans. They are a stoic lot, not given to quick opinions or emotional outbursts. Politics in Osakis tends to be progressive but middle-of-the-road. Conversations are short and direct, usually ending with a noncommittal, "You bet," "That's different" or "Whatever."

No one can recall a black family living in the town. For weeks, the big question has been, why would Mr. Jackson want to come to Osakis? The easy answer, said Tom Ellis, editor of the Osakis Review, is, "I brought him here." Mr. Ellis is a controversial figure in Osakis. He prints a quotation from Horace Starlings Killed in France

ALLENCO, France — A colony of 700,000 starlings in Normandy was destroyed by environmental authorities spraying a toxic chemical from the air. Local people were collecting the bodies Friday. The French Bird Protection League protested that a previous spraying had killed dozens of protected species.



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AMERICAN TOPICS

A Program to Rescue The Future at Birth

The best way to get a welfare mother's offspring from going on welfare in turn or becoming a juvenile delinquent is to start when the baby is born, says The New York Times reporting on a parent-child program in San Antonio, Texas. The program, Advance, was started by a schoolteacher, Gloria Rodriguez, who was a child of the city's slums. In 1970 she got her first class of 6-year-olds. Although they were only in the first grade, they already had been labeled as retarded, slow or even uneducable. Because they all were Hispanic, Mrs. Rodriguez assumed their problems lay in never having had a bilingual teacher before. But the children were as deficient in Spanish as they were in English. Mrs. Rodriguez taught most of them enough to get into the second grade. "But it was clear they would never really catch up," The Times notes. "Their education had to begin when their lives began, with their parents as teachers. That's true for all children, but these parents didn't know how to do the job."

The driver of the car, Frank P. Gagnon, 39, was charged with drunken driving. A \$5.7 million bank account of Elijah Muhammad, the Black Muslim leader who died in 1975, belongs to the religious organization he founded and not to his children, an Illinois appeals court has ruled. Justice Mel Jiganti ruled that "where funds are solicited to benefit a religious organization, we believe that basic principles of equity and fair dealing should preclude the use of those funds to benefit the personal estate of the religious leader." Hundreds of people turned out in Farmington, Maine, to honor a local hero, Chester Greenwood, inventor of the earmuff. The celebration included earmuffs for babies and dogs and even oversized earmuffs for cars. The state legislature declared an annual "Chester Greenwood Day" 11 years ago. Mr. Greenwood had won patents for more than 100 inventions when he died in 1937 at age 73. He made his first pair of earmuffs at 15 with a piece of wire and bits of fur he had his grandmother sew at the ends.

Short Takes

When Glenn M. Brasch, a police pilot in Tucson, Arizona, saw a car weave erratically onto railroad tracks and stop in the path of an approaching train, he dipped his helicopter close to the ground and flashed his spotlight at the locomotive. It braked to a stop about 200 yards (180 meters) from the car.

Seven in 10 American adults say they are members of a church or synagogue, according to a Gallup survey in late 1987. The figure, 69 percent, was the same for 1986. The highest percentage was in 1947, when 76 percent said they were church or synagogue members. The lowest was in 1982, when 67 percent claimed membership. The expression "cutting edge" has been so overused that it should be retired, the Unicorn Hunters, a society for defending proper English usage, has recommended. The group consists of writers, students and faculty at Lake Superior State University in Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan. Also on its annual list of terms to be banned were "orientate," a stretching of "orient" called an "example of the trend toward polysyllabification" and "on a roll," called "fine for hot dogs and sesame seeds, but not people." — ARTHUR HIGBEE

U.S. Deficit to Exceed '89 Target, Report Says

By Spencer Rich and Paul Blustein

WASHINGTON — The U.S. budget deficit in the 1989 fiscal year will rise to \$167 billion — \$31 billion over the legal target — if the economy performs as private forecasters are predicting, according to White House budget documents. That would mean that to shrink the deficit to \$136 billion in accordance with the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings budget law, there would have to be more stringent measures than enacted in the budget compromise that the president and Congress reached in December. The documents obtained Thursday contain the highlights of President Ronald Reagan's budget being prepared for submission to Congress in mid-February. The draft budget envisions federal spending in fiscal 1989 of \$110.4 trillion and a deficit of \$136 billion, the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings target for that year. Projections in the draft, based on the Reagan administration's economic forecast, show a deficit narrowing from the \$148 billion level recorded in fiscal 1987, which ended Sept. 30. The deficit will be \$146 billion in the current fiscal year, according to the White House projections. But under the less optimistic scenario foreseen by most private economists, the documents show the deficit would widen to \$158 billion in the current fiscal year and to \$167 billion in fiscal 1989, which begins Oct. 1. This projection is based on the Office of Management and Budget's projections of spending and taxes using an economic forecast prepared by Blue Chip Economic Indicators, which surveys many corporate and university economists and averages their predictions.

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In Gaza, Blame for All

Sanctimony and hypocrisy attend the great tragedy being played out now over the Palestinians of the Gaza Strip. Any fair look at Gaza, and the West Bank, shows guilt on all sides — Israel, Arab leaders, the United States and the United Nations. They have all stood by while Palestinians have been stripped of any legitimate political voice, and few have worked to rekindle hope through renewed Arab-Israeli negotiations.

open to challenge on this issue, the UN hardly sparkles with credibility and even-handedness on Middle Eastern matters. When has that august body taken notice of Arab barbarity, let alone condemned it? The response to Israeli actions in Washington, in the United Nations and around the world smacks more of convenience than of constructive diplomacy. It is far easier to take a swipe at Israel than to create a basis for negotiations between Israel and its Arab neighbors.

Holding the Dollar Steady

Temporary though it may turn out to be, the rescue of the dollar was worth the cost. That cost was high. In recent days the major industrial countries have put several billion dollars into a joint attempt to stabilize exchange rates. But to have let the dollar continue to fall, while governments stood by carelessly with their hands in their pockets, would have invited disaster.

trade deficits of the past six years have been financed by a flow of hundreds of billions of dollars of foreign capital — European, Japanese and Latin — into the United States. Some of it is long-term industrial investment, like the factories the Japanese auto companies are building in America. But the greatest part of that money is parked uneasily in banks and the securities markets, from which its owners could recall it by telegraph in a matter of hours.

What Kind of Politician . . .

Which U.S. presidential candidate is entitled to the second-biggest amount of federal matching funds? The answer is Pat Robertson. Yet Mr. Robertson says he may give the money back. His fund-raising statements tell us something about his appeal and how he operates.

count. But spokesmen say the candidate may still return it. Mr. Robertson, it is said, wants to save taxpayers' money. That strikes us as the cheapest sort of grandstanding. What Mr. Robertson may be concerned about are the spending limits, reporting requirements and election commission audits that apply to any campaign that accepts matching funds; he may want to wiggle out from under these if the direct mail response is good enough.

A Trendy Fretter's Guide

Don't relax. There is always something to worry about. Herpes, crack and nuclear holocaust have not gone away but have become passé worries. A trendy era obeys fashion even in its fretting. Here are some worries that have already infected 1988:

The world will get too cold if the next ice age arrives before the greenhouse effect does. The dollar may make a strong recovery, ruinously reversing improvements in the U.S. balance of trade. You may suffer a heart attack if you exercise too little.

For Israel, a Different Struggle to Survive

By Flora Lewis

PARIS — Survival has always been the first issue for Israel, but it has changed dimension over several periods. In the aftermath of the Holocaust, the goal was creation of the state. Chaim Weizmann, the first president, hoped to make Israel a member of the British Commonwealth, to give it assured links to the democratic West across the surrounding sea of Arabs.

Jerusalem who specializes in West Bank research, is right in noting that Palestinians failed to learn more than revenge and hatred from their losses. And he is right that Jews have failed to remember their purpose to build a democratic, healthy homeland where Jews could be "normal" people living in freedom and under self-government.

Two Leaders and Two Paths: The Right One May Lose

By Jim Hoagland

PARIS — Just as Yasser Arafat and his cohorts in the PLO seemed to be slipping into a well-deserved corner of oblivion, Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel has come galloping to their rescue. In Middle Eastern politics, opposites may not attract, but they frequently need each other.

crucial role in shaping the Israeli response to the current uprising, and to the choice the electorate will make about Israel's future this autumn. There is nothing sentimental in Mr. Shamir's refusal to say goodbye to Mr. Arafat. He sees that the recurring images on the world's television screens of bullets against rocks chip away at the sympathy and support Israel has enjoyed abroad as a vulnerable and democratic nation in a region of violence and tyranny.



Shimon Peres and Yitzhak Shamir — Drawing by SZLAKAAMANN.

You sense he is capable of anything. I asked him some months back why he was pushing for diplomatic movement between Israel and the Arabs when the situation was so clearly and hopelessly deadlocked. Precisely because it is clearly and hopelessly deadlocked, he replied.

sity will be greater than in Hong Kong," Mr. Peres said. "When the prime minister says that Gaza is an integral part of Israel, does he mean that the million people who will live there in 23 years are inseparable from Israel? Is this the present he wants to give Israel?"

The U.S.-Canada Pact: 'Win-Win,' but Just for Them

By Hobart Rowen

WASHINGTON — When President Reagan and Prime Minister Brian Mulroney signed a free trade agreement Jan. 2, they started a process that could phase out practically all tariff barriers between the two nations over the decade beginning in 1989. But they did more than that.

to the principle of multilateral trade, and to the most-favored-nation principle that underpins the trade policy of the United States and of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

market liberalization club' approach, through multilateral arrangements of a series of bilateral agreements." The U.S.-Canadian agreement, he says, is "a lever to achieve more open trade. Other nations are forced to recognize that the United States will devise ways to expand trade — with or without them."

Making a Case for Greater Bank Powers

By Willard C. Butcher

NEW YORK — Securities industry protectionists are citing the market meltdown of 1987 as proof that banks have no business in the securities business. In fact, the case for expanded bank powers, far from being invalidated by the market collapse, has been strengthened.

And consider the Euromarkets, where American banks have long engaged in the full range of corporate finance activities. They have endured sharp downturns in the bond markets, and over the long haul have performed safely, profitably and to the advantage of customers.

Look at the record: Over the last 50 years no securities firms have failed as a result of underwriting losses, while loan charge-offs account for a large proportion of bank failures.

100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1888: A Salute to Blanqui PARIS — The anniversary of the death of Blanqui attracted about a thousand rabid revolutionists to Père Lachaise yesterday (Jan. 8). The speakers included "General" Erdos, Cluzet, Vaillant and several anarchist "companions." A pious halt was made at the historic wall in the shadow of which lie buried the communists who perished in the cemetery seventeen years ago.

ing than ever. The Powers have been exerting great pressure on Turkey, and the indications are that the Ottoman Government will finally surrender Adrianople to the Bulgarians, and that Greece will recover some, if not all, of the Aegean islands. If Turkey persists in her stubborn attitude, more drastic measures will be taken to whip the Porte into line.

1938: The Biggest Battle FRANCO-SPANISH FRONTIER — What the biggest and bloodiest battle of the civil war was being fought around Teruel today (Jan. 8). The entire town was occupied by the Nationalist troops, headed by the Bishop of Teruel, who had entrenched himself in the Convent of Santa Clara for the past three weeks. Both sides brought every available plane and gun into play, spraying each other's positions with a "minuterie" stream of explosives.

1913: Turkey May Yield

LONDON — Though the labors of the delegates here are "suspended," the outlook for the ratification of the treaty of peace between the Balkan States and Turkey is more encourag-

The Message On a Wall in Dharmasala

By A. M. Rosenthal

NEW DELHI — Traveling about India, or suddenly during conversations here in the capital, I find my mind wandering off to a street in a distant town in the Himalayas. The town is Dharmasala, where 7,000 Tibetan refugees live, including the 14th Dalai Lama. On the wall in that street is posted an account in Tibetan of a piece of legislation passed by the U.S. Congress as 1987 ended.

Tibetans are puzzled: Congress supports them but the White House has turned its back.

should behave decently toward the Tibetans, give them a chance at liberty. And it says that in arms deals with the Chinese, the United States should take into account whether the Chinese are indeed trying to resolve Tibet's human rights disasters.

That is part of the price the United States quite willingly is paying for the privilege of dealing with China. People in Dharmasala are understandably hazy about the intricacies of American government: how the Congress can be so warm to Tibet, and the State Department and the White House make it clear that they intend to disregard Congress and continue the sellout of Tibet.

China has a billion people and a lot of clout. Tibet has six million at most. True, that is more than there are Israelis or Palestinians, but Tibetans do not get much print or air time.

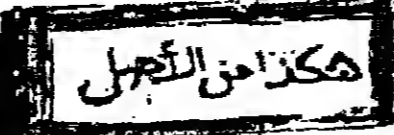
It might be that if the American executive branch did what the American legislative branch wants — scream and shout — the Chinese indeed might give Tibetans a little human liberty. These are the issues who are uneasy about how wildly new China shows up as old China in Tibet. But if the rest of the world does not care, why should they stick their necks out?

So I keep thinking about that street in Dharmasala. It struck me that it would be an inspiration to those Americans who have forgotten that there still are places where people believe the United States will always do what it can for freedom.

The Washington Post Writers Group. The New York Times.

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Snowstorm Blankets East Coast Of the U.S.

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches WASHINGTON — A major snowstorm moved up the East Coast on Friday, virtually closing the nation's capital and blanketing Philadelphia and New York after dropping more than a foot of snow on the South and leaving thousands of people without power.



Watching a blaze, a firefighter in Cicero, Illinois, got his eyebrows and his moustache frosted over with icy spray from the fire hoses.

Across the country, the death toll rose to at least 45 in the five-day onslaught of snow and bitter cold. In Washington, federal offices were closed, with about 240,000 employees given the day off. Municipal offices in the area also closed.

QUASH: Crackdown by Pretoria

(Continued from Page 1) nine months of last year, 264 people died, for a monthly average of 29. By contrast, the average daily death rate for the first six months of 1986 was five, or about 150 a month. The institute's director, John Kane-Berman, said recently that even though the actual number of current fatalities could be higher, "any objective observer would have to conclude there has been a dramatic decline in unrest."

JAPAN: An Offer of Help

(Continued from Page 1) for discussions with the Canadian prime minister, Brian Mulroney. "He's facing a very tough trip," a senior government official said. This official and others said they were concerned about the negative atmosphere in the United States, especially in Congress, where tough trade legislation aimed largely at Japan has made headway.

Guns Turned In By Australians

(Continued from Page 1) SYDNEY — Residents of New South Wales surrendered 600 guns Friday in compliance with laws passed after two mass murders last year, police officials said. They expect thousands of guns to eventually be surrendered in New South Wales, which has 5.5 million people, Australia's most populous state. Gun owners have until Jan. 29 to hand over their weapons. After that, they face a fine of 700 Australian dollars (\$980). Only farmers and licensed members of shooting clubs may keep them.

In Philippines, Another Election Death

By Seth Mydans New York Times Service PORAC, Philippines — When a bullet hit Ceterino Lumanlan in the forehead Wednesday night, it looked as if a sudden gust of wind was blowing back his hair. Then he fell dead on the flatbed truck he was using as a makeshift campaign platform, the 54th, or perhaps 62d, casualty of the violent campaign for local elections. Nobody is sure just what the number is.

One of his supporters said, "He was killed in the line of duty." Mr. Lumanlan's supporters said he had received a number of warnings and threats, and his widow said he had spoken of the possibility of assassination just two days before he was killed. In Manila, General Fidel V. Ramos, the armed forces chief of staff, said that 54 persons, including 26

The mayoral rivalry in Porac, like other rivalries in Philippine politics and even crossing the lines of the insurgency, involves complicated networks of family ties. Mr. Lumanlan, who was 46, was the godfather of Mr. David's son. Mr. Lumanlan's elder daughter is married to a nephew of Mr. David. Mr. David's wife is the sister of

classified by the military as a "battalion zone" in the Communist insurgency. But he said the style of the killing differed from that of the rebels, who usually fire with pistols at close range. He said Mr. Lumanlan appeared to have been shot by a professional killer using a high-powered rifle, possibly with a telescopic sight. The patrolman, shirtless in the afternoon heat, said the police have few resources to protect candidates. His station, he said, does not have a telephone.

'Here in Porac, most of the people fighting in politics are relatives and friends.'

Salvador de los Reyes, a campaign manager candidates, had been killed in the first five weeks of the campaign for local elections, which are set for Jan. 18. Philippine newspapers have counted 62 killings, but General Ramos said it was not clear whether all of these were related to the campaign. Dozens more candidates and campaign workers have been wounded or kidnapped.

New President at Princeton

(Continued from Page 1) PRINCETON, New Jersey — Harold Trafer Shapiro, 52, was installed Friday as the 18th president of Princeton University. General Ramos said the level of violence so far was actually lower than during legislative balloting in May, when 104 people were killed, or the 1986 presidential election, when 141 were killed. But the atmosphere in Porac, as in other towns and villages around the country, is one of heightened tension as long-running local rivalries, often suppressed during the long presidency of Ferdinand E. Marcos, come to a head.

Rebels Target Americans

Communist rebel leaders have warned that U.S. military personnel and businesses are subject to attack. The Associated Press reported from Manila. The threat against Americans was in the December issue of The Nation, the official publication of the central committee of the outlawed Communist Party of the Philippines.

Japanese Expect AIDS To Quadruple by 1993

(Continued from Page 1) TOKYO — The number of AIDS patients in Japan is likely to rise at least fourfold in the next five years from the 59 recorded by the end of last year, a government report said Friday. The total infections could jump to at least 260 by the end of 1992. Health and Welfare Ministry officials quoted the report as saying it added that the number of people carrying the disease is expected to rise to 3,000 in the same period, an increase of only 600 due to strict steps to avoid transmission through blood transfusions.

ISRAEL: Soldiers Kill Another Palestinian in Gaza

(Continued from Page 1) blocks and battled soldiers with stones and bullets. "I don't think they are afraid of anything anymore," said an army official describing the waves of rioters that confronted soldiers Friday at the Bureij refugee camp in central Gaza. "We tried everything before we opened fire. It looks like they were on a suicide mission."

The army is also cracking down on the presence of journalists, and soldiers ordered cameramen and print reporters to leave the scene of several incidents Friday. The spokesman said the restrictions were designed to "calm down the situation because when the people see journalists, it incites them."

LOYAL: Less Obligation Between Workers and Firms

(Continued from Page 1) stic by combat for survival," he said. "Top management is suffering a workplace equivalent of post-traumatic stress disorder. It believes it must focus its full attention in the financial, legal and defensive manipulation areas or it'll lose the rest of the game."

It is a more hard-spirited attitude than I've seen in a long time. We're seeing more announcements of 10-percent cutbacks every year. It's the 'cut back, lay off, turn 'em out, lock 'em up' approach.

Mark Pasten, professor of management resources departments, says Mr. Pasten. One 57-year-old victim of a major minerals company layoff, in a report in Business Week recently, lamented after 34 years with the company. "It came down to an economic relationship," adding, "I thought I was in a family kind of thing."

PERSONAL INVESTING IN THE 1980S

Table with multiple columns listing various investment funds, their names, and numerical values. The table is organized into sections like 'INTERNATIONAL FUNDS' and 'OTHER FUNDS'.

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PERSONAL INVESTING IN THE 1980S

Edited for the sophisticated investor — an essential guide to opportunities and pitfalls — worldwide. The text discusses investment strategies and market trends for the 1980s.

ARTS / LEISURE

The Cooling of Art Prices Could Bring Collectors Back

LONDON — Leading auction houses have been putting out press releases that read like victory bulletins and following them up with optimistic statements.

Souren Melikian

Several sales at the end of the fall, it all looks very good. "Sotheby's announces record autumn season; sales increase 30 percent to \$69,407,000," a press release declares about worldwide sales.

In real life, things look a bit different. What has been doing well is the obvious — anything that allows instant identification or easy categorization in glowing terms backed by references to provenance, publications, etc.

This fall, there were some striking examples in rarified fields hitherto reserved to those with accumulated expertise. The most spectacular outburst of uninformed buying could be observed in New York only three days after Black Monday, when Christie's was dispersing the late Estelle Doheny's collection of early printed books.

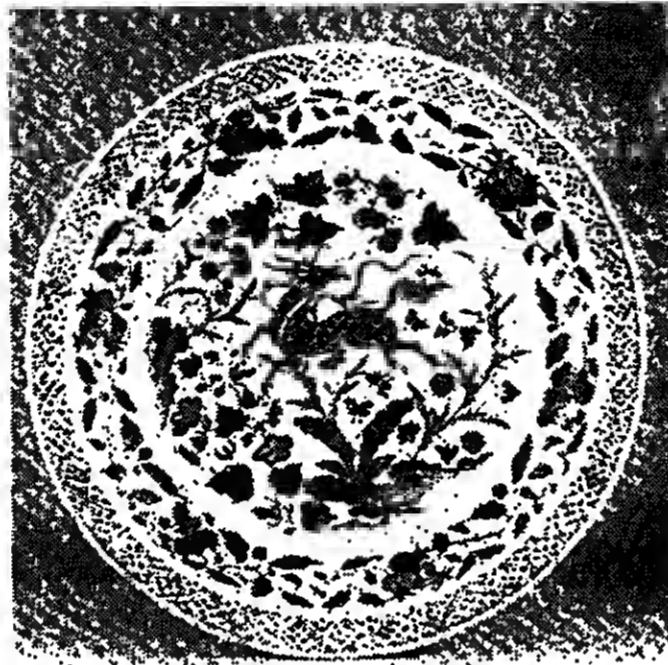
The rarest item, a single volume of the two-volume Bible printed by Gutenberg in 1454, was bought for \$5.39 million, three times the high estimate, not by a major museum or a great collector, but by a Japanese publishing house, Maruzen & Co.

On Dec. 8, Sotheby's auction of Japanese prints in London yielded a blatant instance of precedence to name and label over quality in a field that is even more difficult for beginners than rare books.

The portrait of the tea-house girl Ohisa by Utamaro had seemed dearly bought at \$70,000 in the June 18, 1975 sale of the Hans Popper Collection at Sotheby Parke Bernet. It astounded old-timers as it went up to \$220,000.



The Utamaro portrait of Ohisa, sold for a record \$220,000.



A 14th-century blue and white Ming dish, sold for \$473,000.

The impression is splendid, but the subject pedestrian by Utamaro's standards.

The famous portrait of a woman seen three-quarters back peering at her face in a mirror, illustrated the opposite. This, perhaps, Utamaro's ultimate masterpiece, but the impression has been washed to a harsh white tonality that collectors loathe.

plus five more from a supplementary series of 10. The impressions vary in quality and on the whole are not the best. They are

believed to have been put together in album form in Japan in the mid-19th century. When sold in Paris for nearly 1.6 million francs on Nov. 15, 1979, then about \$200,000, they had seemed extravagantly dear.

Significantly, the album and the record Utamaro portrait were acquired by International Fine Arts, a Hong Kong registered company that, professional sources assure, sells top-priced items of every kind to a millionaire clientele.

Throughout the auction, aesthetic achievement and the "top quality" vaunted in the press releases weighed lightly when it came to prices. Harunobu's masterpiece was represented by an admirable impression that Sotheby's expert had understandably run on the catalogue cover.

Not surprisingly, the trend toward labels and all sorts of considerations unrelated to art as such, was overwhelming in the areas where newcomers felt most at ease — above all Impressionist and Modern masters. The fact that Japanese dealers bought more heavily than ever enhanced the trend.

Perhaps the most revealing indication that art matters less and less and notoriety more and more in determining prices, lies in the equal treatment meted to all schools. Ecumenism in art is a sign of indifference.



Detail from Kandinsky's "Murnau - Landscape With Church I."

buyer acquired Kandinsky's Murnau view with a church, done in 1909 in a dramatic Expressionist style bordering on abstraction, for \$2.42 million. and in the same Sotheby's sale also bought a 1909 portrait by Kees van Dongen, still carrying the Fauvist stamp, for \$572,500.

In the new atmosphere, it is hardly surprising if the auction record for any painting was set by van Gogh's "Irises" at \$53.9 million in Sotheby's New York sale, while one of the greatest paintings by Degas, "Les Blanchisseuses," made only \$7.48 million (\$13.6 million) on Nov. 30 at Christie's in London.

Indeed, there is considerable concern among dealers in every area. A majority of the leading professionals have "gone liquid" — as far as is possible for people whose business is to buy and sell. For the first time in years, they were playing second fiddle this fall.

Most striking is the preoccupation voiced by a professional who once operated in a field that would seem to be better shielded than others. Ecumenism in art is a sign of indifference. Here too the Japanese are falling into step.

century dish in blue-and-white porcelain for \$1.1 million, and on Dec. 15 in London it was Eskenazi again who bought a Yuan dish of the utmost rarity for \$473,000 — for stock, he told me. Yet he scarcely breathes optimism.

"It is pure self-delusion to say that things are going to be all right and the best will sell as if nothing had happened. Billions of dollars have been wiped off the slate. Of course there is less money available for buying art." But his company has been affected? "Yes, we have. We were selling absolutely major pieces of Chinese sculpture to two top U.S. museums. Both were getting the money from benefactors who decided that they could no longer afford it in view of their losses on the stock market."

Since then one of the pieces has been sold to a Japanese collector who happened to be in London, and whom Eskenazi had informed of the collapse of the earlier deal. It is a major Buddhist relief in the Lung Meit style, of which the Musée Guimet in Paris has the one other recorded example, according to the London dealers. The other piece is still with Eskenazi. Yet he views the cooling phase philosophically, almost approvingly. "Prices were so high it was crazy. Many speculators will leave. Collectors will be able to buy again."

Collector's Guide

WHO IS P.C.D.?

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A German parcel-gilt tankard, David Stobbe. (Königsberg), c. 1670, 915gr.; 20.7 cm. high. Sold for SF24,000.

- Helsinki Tuesday 19th January
Copenhagen Wednesday 20th January
Oslo Monday 25th January
Skane Tuesday 26th January
Stockholm Wednesday 27th January
Hamburg Thursday 28th January
Cologne Monday 1st February
Frankfurt Tuesday 2nd February
Munich Wednesday 3rd and Thursday 4th February
Monaco Monday 8th February
Brussels Wednesday 10th and Thursday 11th February
Paris Tuesday 16th and Wednesday 17th February
Vienna Thursday 18th and Friday 19th February
Zurich Monday 22nd and Tuesday 23rd February
Geneva Wednesday 24th February

Enquiries and appointments: 32 rue de l'Abbaye, Brussels 1050. Tel: (2) 343 50 07. Kreishaus Galerie, St. Aemern-Strasse 17-29, D-5000 Cologne 1, Tel: (221) 23 52 84/5.

INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION DIRECTORY

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Handwritten signature or stamp at the bottom center of the page.

NYSE Most Actives table with columns for stock symbol, volume, high, low, and change.

Market Sales table showing volume for NYSE, AMEX, and OTC.

NYSE Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, and Change.

Friday's NYSE Closing logo with 'Via The Associated Press' text.

AMEX Diary table with columns for stock symbol, high, low, and change.

NASDAQ Index table with columns for Composite, Unchanged, and Total Issues.

AMEX Most Actives table with columns for stock symbol, volume, high, low, and change.

Dow Jones Bond Averages table with columns for Bonds, Utilities, and Industrials.

NYSE Diary table with columns for Close, Prev., and Change.

Over-Lot Trading in N.Y. table with columns for Buy, Sales, and Short.

Dow Jones Averages table with columns for Index, High, Low, Close, and Change.

Standard & Poor's Index table with columns for Industries, Finance, and Total Issues.

NASDAQ Diary table with columns for Close, Prev., and Change.

AMEX Stock Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, and Change.

12 Month High/Low Stock table with columns for Stock, Div. Yld. PE, and High/Low.

DOW: Index Plunges 140.58 Points

(Continued from Page 1) The New York Stock Exchange got off to a bad start after a report by The Washington Post said that the 1989 U.S. budget deficit could increase to \$167 billion, \$31 billion above the legal limit.

17 Month High/Low Stock table with columns for Stock, Div. Yld. PE, and High/Low.

12 Month High/Low Stock table with columns for Stock, Div. Yld. PE, and High/Low.

12 Month High/Low Stock table with columns for Stock, Div. Yld. PE, and High/Low.

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Handwritten note: JPY 100 150

Vertical advertisements on the right margin including 'Budget Defi', 'Japan Drafts', and 'Friday's OTC Prices'.

Friday's NYSE Closing

Table listing NYSE closing prices for various stocks, including IBM, AT&T, and others.

High/Low Stock

Table showing high and low stock prices for various companies.

12 Month High/Low Stock

Table showing 12-month high and low stock prices for various companies.

Kuwait Tells U.K. Its Role At BP Is Just As Investor

LONDON — The British government said Friday that Kuwait had given it assurances that the Gulf state had no ambition to control British Petroleum Co. and did not intend to press for any management role in the company.

Assubel Counters Takeover Move

BRUSSELS — The Belgian insurance group Assubel Vie SA, fighting an unwelcome takeover bid from Groupe AG, a rival company, has named a group of three so-called white knights to help it.

Delhi — Tibetan situation is here in the capital...

DELHI — Tibetan situation is here in the capital. The government is trying to resolve the issue through dialogue.

Ericsson Sells U.S. Division to Alcatel, BICC

STOCKHOLM — Telefon AB LM Ericsson said Friday that it was selling its U.S. Continental Cables unit to Alcatel NA of the United States and Britain's BICC PLC for an undisclosed sum.

Spear, Leeds Withdraws As J.P. Morgan Specialist

The exchange said that it had been "reviewing the performance" of Spear, Leeds & Kellogg, which had acted only because it was confronted with the possibility of harsher sanctions.

Computervision Rejects Takeover Bid by Prime

BOSTON — Computervision Corp. said Friday that its board has rejected an inadequate \$400 million unsolicited takeover bid from Prime Computer Inc.

EISNER: Leading Economist Sees High Deficits as Key to U.S. Prosperity

(Continued from first finance page) He would let it drop even more. Nor is he too concerned about rising interest rates — he thinks the Federal Reserve should keep rates down by supplying enough money to accommodate growth.

Japanese Car Sales Hit Record in 1987

TOKYO — Japanese domestic vehicle sales rose 6.1 percent to a record 4.34 million in 1987, surpassing the previous record of 4.23 million in 1979.

3 Charged With Fraud In Swedish Options Case

STOCKHOLM — Three Swedish employees of Stockholm's city treasury department who lost 440 million krona (\$73 million) in unauthorized trading in money markets futures and options were charged Friday with fraud.

Foreign Investment In Taiwan Soars 84%

TAIPEI — Foreign investment in Taiwan soared 84 percent to a record \$1.42 billion in 1987 from \$770 million in 1986, the Investment Commission said Friday.

Hong Kong Banks Cut Rates On Local Dollar Time Deposits

HONG KONG — Hong Kong banks have stopped or sharply reduced interest payments on some deposits as the British colony tries to curb speculation that it will revalue its currency.

Advertisements for LUXFUND, Indigo, and MARUBENI CORPORATION.

U.S. Futures
Via The Associated Press

Table containing U.S. Futures data for various commodities including Grains (Wheat, Corn, Soybeans) and Metals (Copper, Aluminum, Silver).

Food

Table containing Food futures data for items like Coffee, Cocoa, Orange Juice, and Sugar.

Municipal Bonds

Table containing Municipal Bonds data for various cities and states, including interest rates and maturities.

Friday's AMEX Closing

Table containing Friday's AMEX Closing data for various stocks and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Livestock

Table containing Livestock futures data for Cattle and Hogs.

Metals

Table containing Metals futures data for Copper, Aluminum, and Silver.

Industrials

Table containing Industrials futures data for Lumber and Cotton.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Currency Options

Table containing Currency Options data for various currencies and exchange rates.

Financial

Table containing Financial data including Treasury bills, bonds, and interest rates.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Stocks

Table containing Stock market data for various companies and indices.

Paris Commodities

Table containing Paris Commodities data for various goods.

London Commodities

Table containing London Commodities data for various goods.

Dividends

Table containing Dividends data for various companies.

Spot Commodities

Table containing Spot Commodities data for various raw materials.

DM Futures Options

Table containing DM Futures Options data for various currencies.

DM Futures Options

Table containing DM Futures Options data for various currencies.

London Metals

Table containing London Metals data for various metals.

S&P 100 Index Options

Table containing S&P 100 Index Options data.

U.S. Treasuries

Table containing U.S. Treasuries data for various government bonds.

GM to Eliminate 1,900 Jobs in California

DETROIT — General Motors Corp. said Friday that it planned to eliminate 1,900 jobs at its Van Nuys, California, assembly plant from Feb. 1 by ending the night shift. It cited slow sales of the Pontiac Firebird and Chevrolet Camaro coupe built there.

AMEX Highs-Lows

Table containing AMEX Highs-Lows data for various stocks.

AMEX Highs-Lows

Table containing AMEX Highs-Lows data for various stocks.

Vertical advertisement on the right edge of the page, including 'Budget Deficit', 'Friedman's OTC Price', and 'Japan Drafts'.

CURRENCY MARKETS

Budget Deficit Fears Put End to Dollar's Rally

NEW YORK — The dollar slumped against major currencies Friday as reawakened fears about the U.S. budget deficit halted its four-day advance.

London Dollar Rates

Table with columns: Currency, Bid, Ask, Spread. Includes Deutsche mark, Swiss franc, Japanese yen, French franc, Spanish peseta.

The dollar also closed in New York at 1.3405 Swiss francs, down from 1.3540 on Thursday, and at 5.5315 French francs, sharply down from 5.6000.

robust economy sucks in more imports

The dollar opened higher in Europe and New York on confidence that the leading industrial nations would continue to support it, as they had earlier this week.

POLICY: What the G-7 Means

(Continued from Page 1) change rates." And they agreed "to continue to cooperate closely in monitoring and implementing policies to strengthen underlying economic fundamentals to foster stability of exchange rates."

France to Sell 3 Banks After Matra

PARIS — Finance Minister Edouard Balladur said the privatization of three regional units of the state banking network, Crédit Industriel et Commercial, would go ahead soon after the sale of the electronics group, Matra.

Euro-Commercial Paper

Table with columns: Issuer, Maturity, Bid, Ask, Spread. Includes 15-45 days, 46-75 days, 76-105 days, 106-135 days, 136-165 days.

Japan Drafts Tighter Controls Against Insider Trading

TOKYO — Japan's Finance Ministry is drafting a revised version of the Securities Exchange Law aimed at tightening controls on insider trading, a ministry official said Friday.

An investigation by the Osaka Stock Exchange, where Tatche is listed, was unable to find evidence of insider trading as currently defined, although it said that questionable trading had occurred.

Mr. Suzuki said possible legal revisions to be discussed at a Finance Ministry advisory committee meeting included the following:

Friday's OTC Prices

Large table with multiple columns: 12 Month High/Low, Div. Yld., Sales in 100s, High/Low, 4 P.A. Ctr. Includes various stock tickers and prices.

Mexico's Inflation Rate Rose

To 159.2%, a Record, in '87

MEXICO CITY — Mexico's inflation rose 14.8 percent in December to bring the 1987 rate to a record 159.2 percent, compared with the previous record of 103.7 percent set in 1986, the central bank said.

Malaysia Reports Trade Surplus

Rose in First 10 Months of 1987

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia — Competitive export prices helped boost Malaysia's trade surplus to 10.34 billion ringgits (\$4.1 billion) during the first 10 months of last year, up 71.8 percent from the like period in 1986, the Statistics Department said Friday.

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ACROSS

1 Cousteau's gear
6 A 1492 discovery
10 Folkler's day
14 — Feb. Apr. 19
14 A Gene Kelly discovery
20 Collections of reminiscences
21 S. American monkey
22 Overhead
23 Humiliate
24 Some Cong. members
25 Anatomical cavity: Comb. form.
26 Relish
27 Start of a rhyming quip
31 Lancester from London
32 Threatening phrase
33 Recipients
34 Last river to cross?
35 Young or old follower
37 The way, in China
38 Some are smart

DOWN

1 Flower stalk
2 Conspiratorial group
3 Asia-Europe dividers
4 —nova, Brazilian dance
5 One more time
6 Thermal unit
7 Suitable for men or women
8 Noisy
9 Taxing person
10 Wheelbone
11 Poet to whom much is ode?
12 Tall story
13 Points the way
14 Key to the world

ACROSS

42 Spur
43 — corps
46 Second line of quip
52 Long-gone Venetian
53 Region
54 Unctuous
55 Lardaceous
57 Source of poi
58 Echoed others' words
60 Player for Al Davis
62 Cognitive group
63 Man., c.g. omission
64 Marks of omission
65 Raises
67 Uninteresting
71 Number one for Nicklaus
73 Bits and pieces
78 — go brag!

DOWN

15 Sternward
16 Exceptionally bright stars
17 Parisian's property
18 European blackbirds
19 "In" places
20 Bismuth or bismuth
21 Three-legged stand
24 Glide along a piste
25 Too late smart
26 Inspiring metronome
27 Kin of P.D.Q.
28 Dr. Z.'s love
29 Sci-fi suffix for human
30 Devoted apostle

ACROSS

88 — power corrupts...
90 God waited on by the Graces
91 Thigh armor
92 Healer at Valhalla
93 Zola's "The Shop"
94 Trim
96 Dock area
101 Official
104 Belt the cat
107 Last line of quip
110 Musical form
111 Bristle
112 Pay the pot
113 Dispatch
114 She created the Moffats
115 N.M. resort town
116 Pop singer DiMucci
117 Separated
118 Dental compound
119 Goofs
120 —, zwei, drei
121 Football Hall of Famer

DOWN

42 — Pawkes Day, Nov. 5 in England
43 Balardo's patron
44 Jot
45 Coffee-hating Fed. agt.
46 Belt the cat
47 Branch of biol.
49 Earnings-price ratio
50 —, too soon
51 Tablets
52 Author of "Mr. Citizen"
59 Sci-fi suffix for human
60 Devoted apostle

DOWN

61 "Cakes and..."
62 Attention-getting sound
64 Capet
66 Maifne symbol
67 Miles or grace
68 Swift, graceful horse
69 Group in a farrow
70 "— each life
72 Widespread

DOWN

73 One in a hundred, in D.C.
74 Triumphant interjection
75 Mythical pome pitcher
78 Mature
79 Stucky
80 Asst.
83 Most wide-awake
85 Singing syllables

DOWN

88 Like Morn's pies
87 "Norma —"
89 Italian seepart
90 Borrower
94 C.C. Scott role
95 — of America (Boston)
96 — up (catches on)
97 Scorching
98 Hackneyed
99 Boccaccio's "The —"
100 Gloom, to Kest
102 Guardian spirits
103 — Flow, British naval base
104 Helmet's nose-piece
105 Ne plus —
106 Some sugar sources
108 Colleen
109 Former Iranian ruler

Playing a Weighting Game By Dale O. Burgener

PEANUTS



BLONDIE



BEEBLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD OF ID



REX MORGAN



GARFIELD



BOOKS

THE ITALIAN AMERICANS
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Macmillan, 866 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022.

Reviewed by *John Gross*

THE front endpaper, in somber sepia, shows a group of emigrants in the port of Naples around 1900, their hoodies and baskets strewn about them, none of them looking at the camera. The back endpaper, in color, shows three generations of an Italian-American family on a lawn in New Jersey in 1984, looking healthy and happy, posing for a photograph of their annual reunion. The implication, of course, is that the pages in between tell a success story — and so they do, although "The Italian Americans" is much too intelligent a book to gloss over the fact that the success has been uneven and occasionally ambiguous, and achieved at the cost of a great deal of hardship and disruption along the way.

"The Italian Americans" consists of 35 texts, drawn from a wide range of sources, embedded in a gallery of more than 300 pictures.

The pictures, inevitably, predominate. Indeed, it

is hard to see how anything short of a literary masterpiece could compare in impact with the succession of images that confront the reader: faces above all, but also street scenes, interiors, miscellaneous oddities, everything from a beautiful map of the world, embellished with blue skies and zeppyls, by the 16th-century Genoese cartographer Battista Agnese, to a shot of pasta hung out to dry at a macaroni factory.

Yet the texts are far from completely overshadowed by the visual material. They are nearly as varied, and they succeed admirably in conveying the feel as well as the facts of Italian-American experience.

A noted Italian author, Edmoondo de Amicis, reports on conditions aboard an immigrant ship in the 1890s. A sociologist who had settled in Boston, Constantine Paounzio, writes charmingly and amusingly about returning to his native province in Italy in 1917. A surgeon, Riccardo Massoni, recalls what it was like to arrive in New York as a young man in 1939.

Elsewhere there are extracts from the autobiogra-

phy of Garibaldi (about his stay on Staten Island), from the memoirs of Luigi Barzani, brought to the United States as a boy in the 1920s, and from Jerre Mangione's classic account (in his novel "Mount Allegro") of growing up in Rochester, New York, among Sicilian immigrants and slowly growing away from them. Mario Puzo looks back on a harsh New York childhood.

One piece stands by itself — a long introductory essay, written for the book by the former president of Yale, now the president of basketball's National League, A. Bartlett Giamatti. Giamatti brings a penetrating eye to bear on the underlying patterns of Italian-American history. He concentrates on what makes it unique, and yet much of what he says could also serve, I think, as an account of immigrant experience in general.

Even without Columbus, the Italian role in the European discovery of America, North America at least, would have been central. Schoener reminds us of Vesputti, Verrazano, Cabot; moving on to the era of the American Revolution and beyond, he directs attention to some of the early Italian contributors to the cultural life of the United States, such as Mozart's librettist Lorenzo da Ponte, who eventually became the first professor of Italian at Columbia College.

Still, in 1880 there were only 44,000 Italians in the United States. It was in the years that followed that the great wave of immigration began, and the longest single chapter in Schoener's book is devoted to the period from 1881 to 1914. It tells a story of hopes, disappointments, struggles, poverty, opportunity, exploitation — a story that is by turns touching and impressive and grim, and just occasionally bizarre.

There were also prejudices to be overcome, and no doubt there still are. (Schoener's contributors have a good deal to say about the damage done by the myths that have sprung up around Italian involvement in organized crime.) It seems clear, even so, that the obstacles to success are much less than they were, and the final chapters of "The Italian Americans" record an impressive list of recent achievements in politics, science, the arts and many other fields.

John Gross is on the staff of The New York Times.

THE ITALIAN AMERICANS

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DENNIS THE MENACE



Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

WEATHER

EUROPE	HIGH	LOW	ASIA	HIGH	LOW
Algeria	13	5	Beijing	22	9
Amsterdam	6	5	Beijing	22	9
London	10	6	Beijing	22	9
Paris	11	7	Beijing	22	9
Rome	15	9	Beijing	22	9
Stockholm	10	6	Beijing	22	9
Zurich	11	7	Beijing	22	9

MIDDLE EAST

Amman 10 6
Beirut 10 6
Damascus 14 7
Tel Aviv 10 6

OCEANIA

Sydney 17 10
Melbourne 12 7

World Stock Markets

Market	Index	Change
Amsterdam	3840	+20
London	3000	+15
Paris	1000	+10
Frankfurt	5000	+25
Zurich	2000	+12
Stockholm	1500	+8
Helsinki	1200	+5
Oslo	1100	+4
Copenhagen	1300	+6
Stockholm	1500	+8
Helsinki	1200	+5
Oslo	1100	+4
Copenhagen	1300	+6

Market	Index	Change
Sao Paulo	10000	+100
London	3000	+15
Paris	1000	+10
Frankfurt	5000	+25
Zurich	2000	+12
Stockholm	1500	+8
Helsinki	1200	+5
Oslo	1100	+4
Copenhagen	1300	+6
Stockholm	1500	+8
Helsinki	1200	+5
Oslo	1100	+4
Copenhagen	1300	+6

THE GLOBAL NEWSPAPER

